## LubriTect




Protects against corrosive wear.
Reacts fast with organic acids.

Use for preventive maintenance or after compressor burnout.

Use with Mineral, Alkylbenzene, or POE lubricants


| Part \# | Product | QTY | Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{H}-3702$ | LubriTect | 6 | 2.4 oz Bottles |

EXTENDS LUBRICANT LIFE. PROTECTS LUBRICANT AGAINST HYDROLYSIS. PROTECTS AGAINST CORROSIVE WEAR.
REACTS FAST WITH ORGANIC ACIDS.

- Use for preventive maintenance or after compressor burnout.
- Use with Mineral, Alkylbenzene, or POE lubricants

FOR PREVENTIVE / CONTINUAL SYSTEM PROTECTION
LubriTect $^{\text {TM }}$ can be added to a non-contaminated or safe system and will continually protect from light acid contamination.

1. Test system for acid contamination.
2. If system is safe, use the application chart on back to determine the number of bottles of LubriTect ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ required for light contamination.
3. Add LubriTect ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ into system's high side or liquid line with a refrigeration oil charging pump or additive injection tool. Flush all LubriTect ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ into system by following with a small amount of refrigeration oil. Do not overfill system.
4. Return system to service.

NOTE: Not effective against gross contamination as the amount of LubriTect ${ }^{\text {Tm }}$ in the system could be overwhelmed by extremely high acid/moisture content.

FOR SYSTEMS WITH ACID CONTAMINATION WITHOUT COMPRESSOR BURNOUT:

- Replace driers and replace lubricant if necessary.
- Using the application chart on back, determine the number of bottles of LubriTect ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ required depending on degree of contamination, light or heavy.
- Follow steps $6 \& 7$ below.

FOR COMPRESSOR BURNOUT:

1. Remove and properly dispose of used refrigerant and lubricant.
2. Determine cause of burnout.
3. Flush system with suitable flushing solvent.
4. Using the application chart on back, determine the number of bottles of LubriTect ${ }^{\text {m }}$ required for heavy contamination.
5. Change out compressor, driers and other required components. Charge with proper amount of lubricant, evacuate and charge with refrigerant.
6. Add LubriTect ${ }^{\text {tm }}$ into system's high side or liquid line with a refrigeration oil charging pump or additive injection tool. Flush all LubriTect ${ }^{\text {tm }}$ into the system by following with a small amount of refrigeration oil. Do not overfill system.
7. After several days of operation, verify system is acid free. Re-treat if needed.

| APPLICATION CHART |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compressor Oil Volume |  |  |  | Number of Bottles of LubriTect ${ }^{\text {T" }}$ based on contamination |  |
| Fluid 0z. | Gallons | mL | liters | Light | Heavy |
| 16 | 1/8 | 473 | 0.47 | 1 | 1 |
| 32 | 1/4 | 946 | 0.95 | 1 | 1 |
| 48 | 3/8 | 1,420 | 1.42 | 1 | 1 |
| 64 | 1/2 | 1,893 | 1.89 | 1 | 1 |
| 96 | 3/4 | 2,839 | 2.84 | 1 | 2 |
| 128 | 1 | 3,785 | 3.79 | 1 | 2 |
| 192 | 11/2 | 5,678 | 5.68 | 2 | 3 |
| 256 | 2 | 7,571 | 7.57 | 2 | 3 |
| 320 | 21/2 | 9,464 | 9.46 | 3 | 4 |
| 384 | 3 | 11,356 | 11.36 | 3 | 5 |
| 512 | 4 | 15,142 | 15.14 | 4 | 6 |
| 640 | 5 | 18,927 | 18.93 | 5 | 8 |
| 704 | 51/2 | 20,820 | 20.82 | 5 | 9 |
| 768 | 6 | 22,712 | 22.71 | 6 | 9 |
| 896 | 7 | 26,498 | 26.50 | 7 | 11 |
| 960 | 71/2 | 28,391 | 28.39 | 8 | 12 |
| 1024 | 8 | 30,283 | 30.28 | 8 | 12 |
| 1088 | 81/2 | 32,176 | 32.18 | 9 | 14 |
| 1152 | 9 | 34,069 | 34.07 | 9 | 14 |
| 1216 | $91 / 2$ | 35,961 | 35.96 | 10 | 15 |
| 1280 | 10 | 37,854 | 37.85 | 10 | 15 |
| 1344 | $101 / 2$ | 39,747 | 39.75 | 11 | 17 |
| 1408 | 11 | 41,640 | 41.64 | 11 | 17 |
| 1472 | 111/2 | 43,532 | 43.53 | 12 | 18 |
| 1536 | 12 | 45,425 | 45.42 | 12 | 18 |

## WARNING: Harmful if swallowed.

FIRST AID: Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. STORAGE: Keep container tightly closed. DISPOSAL: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, and national regulations.

OTHER HAZARDS: Diisopropylphenyl Isocyanate (28178-42-9) may
be formed in blends of typical esters at elevated temperatures 140
$-176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(60-120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. Isocyanate vapors or mist can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction).

